

Times of Services 2017

Friday 17 February Shabbat begins: 5.04 pm Mincha/ Kabbalat Shabbat: 5.15 pm

Shabbat 18 February Civic Shabbat Shacharit: 9.15 am Haftorah: Jeremy Mindell Mincha after Kiddush Shabbat ends: 6.08 pm

Sunday 19 February Shacharit: 8.40 am

Friday 24 February Shabbat begins: 5.17 pm Mincha/ Kabbalat Shabbat: 5.30 pm

Reading the Haftarah

If you would like to read Haftarah to mark a special event or just to make your personal contribution to the service, please contact Brian Robinson, who will be delighted to help with any preparation or revision.

Sponsoring an Event



If you are celebrating a S i m c h a commemorating a family Yahrzeit, or just

feeling generous, please consider sponsoring a Shabbat morning Kiddush, Seudah or Sunday morning breakfast. Contact Joan Michaels: 020 8579 4261.

AJR—Meets the 1st Tuesday in every month at 2.00 pm. Contact Leslie Sommer: 020 8993 7574.

Israeli Dancing!



Burial Office : 020 8950 7767. Rabbi Hershi Vogel: 07970 829758 Brian Robinson: 020 8567 6558

Ealing Synagogue Newsletter שבת שלום



Friday 17 February 2017/Shabbat 22 Shevat 5777 Sidra: Yitro

SHABBAT 18 FEBRUARY EALING SYNAGOGUE'S ANNUAL CIVIC SERVICE

We are delighted to welcome the Mayor of Ealing, Cllr Dr Patricia Walker, members of The Mayor's Office, MPs and multi-faith guests. Please support this very important Shabbat in Ealing Synagogue's calendar.

THANK YOU

Joan Michaels would like to express her enormous thanks to everyone who worked so hard preparing the hall and helping with Kiddush and lunch last Shabbat to make it such a special day.

THURSDAY 2 MARCH : 12.30PM COMMUNITY LUNCH

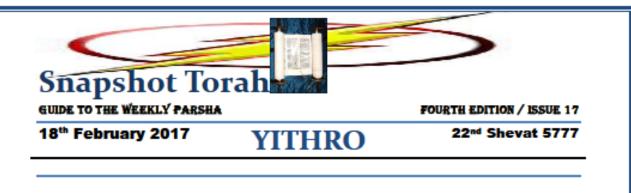
The Community Lunch is open to everyone. If you would like to enjoy some home-made food and catch up with friends, for catering purposes, please let Alison Shindler know if you would like to attend.

BALFOUR DECLARATION

As part of the 100th anniversary of the signing of the Balfour Declaration, Jeremy Mindell will be giving a series of three talks on the subject at Kinloss Synagogue on the 1st, 8th and 15th March at 8.00pm.

I5 Grange Road, London W5 5QN Reg. Charity No. 242552 Minister: Rabbi Hershi Vogel, BA Administrator: Carole Lateman Tel: 020 8579 4894; Fax: 020 8567 2348; Email: <u>office@ealingsynagogue.org.uk</u> Ealing Synagogue Newsletter: <u>esnewsletter@btinternet.com</u> Ealing Synagogue Website: <u>www.ealingsynagogue.org.uk</u>

Ealing Synagogue,



Kohen - First Aliya:

Chapter 18, verses 1-12

- When Yithro (Jethro), the priest of Midian and Moshe's father in law heard about all the miracles Hashem had done for Bnai Yisrael; he left Midian along with Moshe's wife and two children to meet up with Moshe.
- Upon hearing the account of how Hashem had delivered Bnai Yisrael out of Mitzraim (Egypt), Yithro offered up korbonos (sacrifices) to show his gratitude and acceptance that Hashem is truly the one and only G-d.

Levi - Second Aliya: Chapter 18, verses 13 -23

Yithro observed how Moshe spent the majority of his days, judging all the people. So he advises him to create a judicial system for the menial disputes, so Moshe can concentrate and deal exclusively with the more difficult problems.

Sh'lishi - Third Aliya: Chapter 18, verses 24- 27

- 4 Moshe heed's Yithro's advice and chose the most qualified men to assist him with his new service to judge the people.
- Yithro says farewell to Moshe and heads back to his homeland alone.

R'VI'l - Fourth Aliya:

Chapter 19, verses 1 - 6

- Three months after leaving Mitzraim, Bnai Yisrael arrive at the base of Mount Sinai.
- Moshe ascends the mountain where Hashem tells him, if his people will obey his commandmentsthey will become a kingdom of Kohanim (Cohen's) and henceforth be known as Hashem's holy nation.

Chamishi - Fifth Aliya: Chapter 19, verses7 - 19

- Moshe repeats Hashem's words to the Bnai Yisraeland they all cry out in unison, 'Naaseh Vnishma'(We
 will do and we will listen).
- 4 Moshe tells the people to purify themselves and commands them not to touch the mountain because in three days' time, Hashem is going to descend onto the mountain to address them all personally.

Shishi - Sixth Aliya:

Chapter 19, verse 20 – Chapter 20, verse 14

- With the sound of a Shofar (ram's horn) loudly ringing out, thunder and lightning enveloped the whole mountain as Hashem descended down immersed in a huge fiery cloud.
- For the first time ever Hashem's voice is heard in full clarity by every single person present, as Hashem recites the Ten Statements. (ten commandments) to them.

Sh'vi'i - Seventh Aliya: Chapter20, verses15-23

- Bnai Yisrael tremble in fear, as they witness the greatest ever event in Jewish history.
- They request Moshe to address them instead of Hashem as they feared they might die if Hashem continued speaking to them.
- 4 Moshe enters the smoking cloud where the divine presence is waiting for him to receive two stone tablets for which the ten statements were inscribed in written form.
- Hashem relates to Moshe additional laws, which correlates into the 613 mitzvahs we know of today.

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Haftorah_

YISHAYAH (ISAIAH) Chapter 6, verse 1 to Chapter 7, verse 6 and Chapter 9, verses 5 & 6

OVERVIEW:

- This week's Hattorah recounts the famed vision known as Maaseh Hamerkavah the vision of Hashem as he sits upon his throne of glory.
- Yishayah prophesises the eventual destruction of Yerushalayim (Jerusalem) and goes to King Achaz, to warn him and not to fear because the enemy alliance will not win the upcoming battle.
- Yishayah's prophecy continues that Chizklyahu, will succeed the throne and will be crowned as "The Prince of Peace," returning the Jewish people back to an unprecedented devotion and commitment to Torah observance.

SNAPSHOT GUIDE THROUGH THE SIDDER: Pesukei D'Zimrah - Ashrei (part 4)

- Although often hidden, Hashem has complete control over aspects relating to nature. Lines 5 and 6 of Ashrel recognises that we sometimes get a glimpse of Hashem's power and splendour by performing miracles above and beyond nature to make us aware of this fact in order to get others to recognise, and praise and thank Hashem for everything he does for us because he loves us dearly.

WEEKLY DISCUSSION:

There has been a lots of debates between our great rabbi's and sages on when the first episode narrated in this week's sedra of Yithro took place. Those who believe the whole Torah is written in chronological order would say that Yithro reunited with Moshe and converted to Judaism before Matan Torah. Whereas others would argue he arrived after the torah was given.

One of the reasons how and why they came to this conclusion was the conversation Yithro had with Moshe the day after his arrival. Yithro witnessed for himself the strain Moshe was putting himself under as he tried to all on his own resolve, pass rulings and make judgements on all the disputes Bnal Yisrael were presenting to him, no matter how trivial, without any help. Concerned Yithro approached Moshe and presented him with a solution of putting a judicial system in place made up of the most honest and god-fearing amongst all the tribes who would convene a form of upper and lower court for all the minor disputes and misdemeanour's with only Moshe appointed at the top to deal only with the most challenging and difficult cases

According to some commentaries live read, all of these disputes and arguments that were being presented here were all related to Halacha, whereby the disagreements that incurred were based on how each individual concerned interpreted them and needed reassurance and clarification that they were adhering and following the laws correctly. This implies that the Torah must have already been given before Yithro arrived on the scene otherwise these type of debates and cases that Moshe was trying to resolve and advise about would not have existed because no one at that time knew exactly what laws were actually going to be contained in the torah to argue about in the first place.

Ray Kook disagrees and not only goes along with those who have the opinion that Yithro came before the Torah was presented but also gives an explanation on why this week's torah portion containing the ten commandments is named after him. Just before the revelations at Sinal Hashem says "If you hearken to my laws faithfully and keep my covenant, you, will become a kingdom of priests and a holy nation". Ray Kook interprets this verse to mean that we as Jews have two primary missions to undertake communally. The Phrase 'nation of priests' teaches us that we must live and act in ways to assist and teach the whole world to become righteous, fulfilling their purpose of following in Hashem's ways. Yet conversely with reference to 'a holy nation' we're supposed to focus inwardly to tend to our own spiritual growth at the same time. How is that possible?

Given that the Torah is often negative towards the other nations, Rav Kook found it remarkable that Yithro was so highly respected and trusted by all, including Moshe himself. You have to remember that Yithro was not only originally a Midlanite Priest, but wasalso once a prominent member of Pharaoh's advisors in Mitzraim. Basically an outsider to the Jewish community. Yet when he shares his wisdom and his past personal experiences with Moshe. Moshe not only trusts Yithro but takes his insights to heart and agrees and implements Yithro valuable advice. Yithro, though an outsider and had no part in our covenant with Hashem clearly had spiritual wisdom. Something which Moshe at that time was lacking in a small way, making him vulnerable and weak. Yithro taught Moshe, 'as leader of a nation of priests' you are duty bound to tend to the entire attains of the whole world but to become leader of a holy nation you need to look after yourself first. If you don't tend to your own spiritual sustenance then you won't be able to lead and heal the whole world.

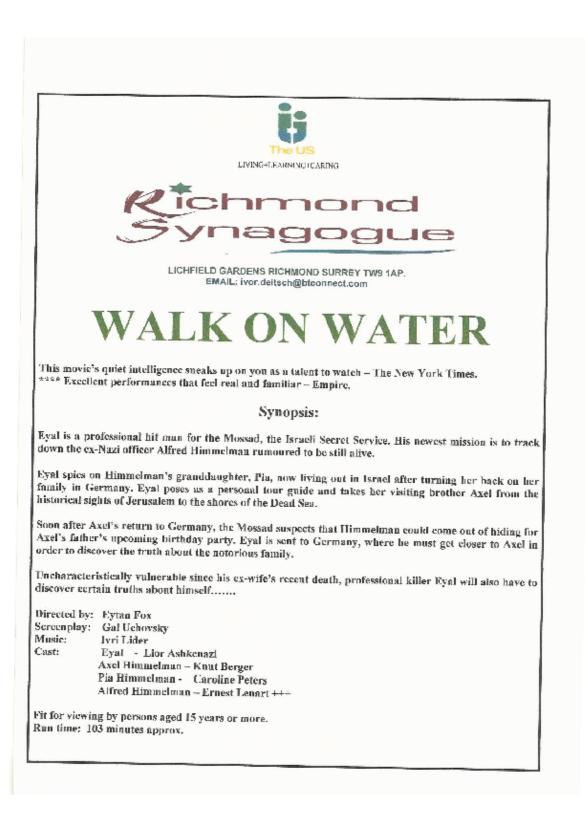
This is proof that Yithro arrived before Matan torah and why he deserved to have this very auspicious sedra named after him. Yithro's contribution teaches that the Torah is not a self-contained inviolate system. Rather, an illustration that even before it was given. The Torah could be and is meant to be influenced and interacted not only by us, the Jewish Nation but by all the other different cultures and civilizations that live in this world too. This is the message I get from Yithro. If he a Midlanite Priest, an outsider recognises the beauty and power, Hashem's gift to us truly is, then surely we can recognise that fact and preserve it in our hearts so we can fulfil our destinies of becoming ' Kingdom of Priests and a Holy Nation

שבת שכום

Compiled, Designed & Written by Jeremy Symons

Ealing Synagogue thanks leremy Symons of Southend and Westcliff Hebrew Congregation for allowing us to reproduce his overview of the week's Sidra.









EALING SYNAGOGUE IN PARTNERSHIP WITH THE LONDON SCHOOL OF JEWISH STUDIES

JUDAISM IN THE 21ST CENTURY: CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES

WITH

Rabbi Dr Raphael Zarum and Maureen Kendler

			Z IJ.UU FEN FENJUN
8.40am:	M: SHACHARIT FOLLOWED BY BREAKFAST		
9.20am –10.00am Registration			Book Online at:
TRACK 1		TRACK 2	https://myus.theus.org.uk/ events/32693/judaism-in-the-
10.00AM-10.50AM : "THE WOMEN OF THE HAGADDAH—LESSONS FOR US" - RABBI DR RAPAHEL ZARUM 10.50 AM-11.45AM: "THE FOUR Sons - What can they teach us About Raising Children and GRANDCHILDREN?" - MAUREEN KENDLER		10.00am—11.45am: Cookery Demonstration Food for Pesach with Rebbetzen Zelda Vogel	21st-century-contemporary- challenges/ Please specify which sessions you would like to attend
11.45AM : COFFEE BREAK		CONTACT	
12.00pm :	FOR ALL PARTICIPANTS OF TRACKS 1 AND 2 CHALLENGING ISSUES: PANEL DISCUSSION TO INCLUDE TOPICS SUCH AS: Female leadership, Conversion, Same-sex marriage, Agunot, Faith schools, etc.		Ealing Synagogue: 020 8579 4894 office@ealingsynagogue.org.uk Michael Mars—Co-Chair: 020 8993 0290 michael_mars@msn.com
1.00рм :	CLOSE		

WHEN

SUNDAY 26 MARCH

WHERE

Ealing Synagogue 15 Grange Road, London W5 5QN

TICKETS £15.00 PER PERSON